Welcome To: THE COLLEGE FUNDING COACH Little-Known Secrets of Paying for College

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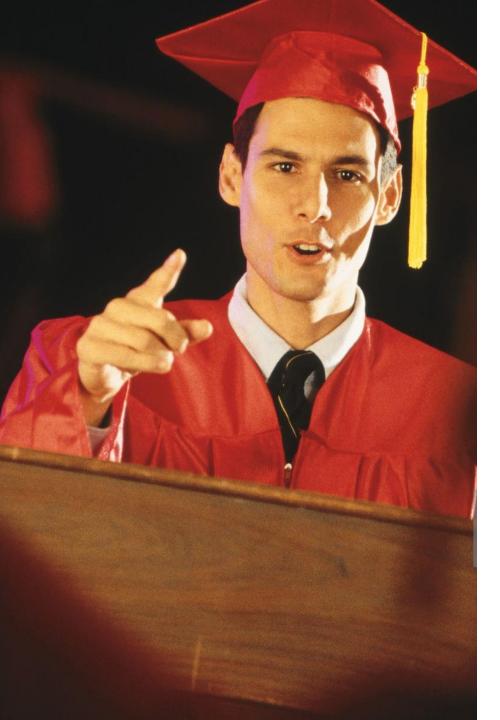
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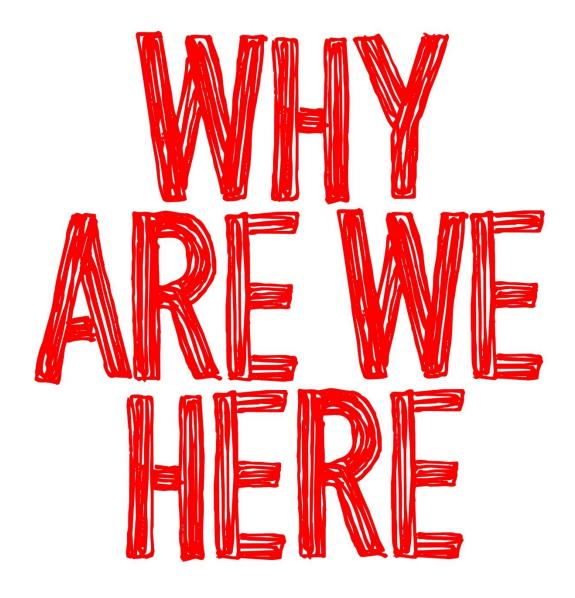


Begin With the End in Mind...





Thanks, Mom and Dad!





BACKGROUND on this Class:

Most People Have Their Money in Two Places...



Great for Retirement; Not So Great for College

For most families, it's something like this...

A Few Thoughts Before We Dig In ...

• "30,000 Foot Overview"

Three Rules:

- Please Participate!Don't Shoot the Messenger!
- Let's Have some Fun! 0

what's Your WHY?

Ultimate College Goal...

Student:

- Select the Right College for the Child
- Graduate in <u>4</u> Years With a Career

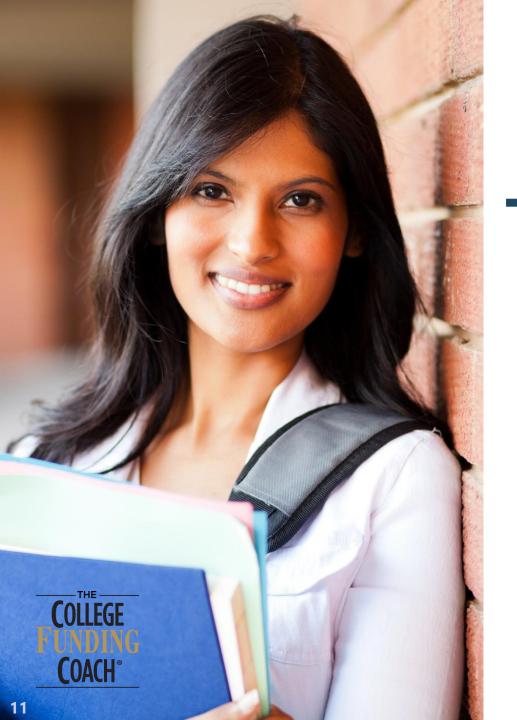
Parents:

Pay with Cost-Efficient Dollars

- Minimize Taxes
- Minimize College Expenses/ Increase Financial Aid
- Maximize Efficiency of Your Money
- Minimize Lost Opportunity Costs



It's coming sooner than you think!



Average Cost of Attendance (2018-2019)

Public University \$25,890 (in-state) Private University \$52,500 Elite/Ivy University ~\$70,000+

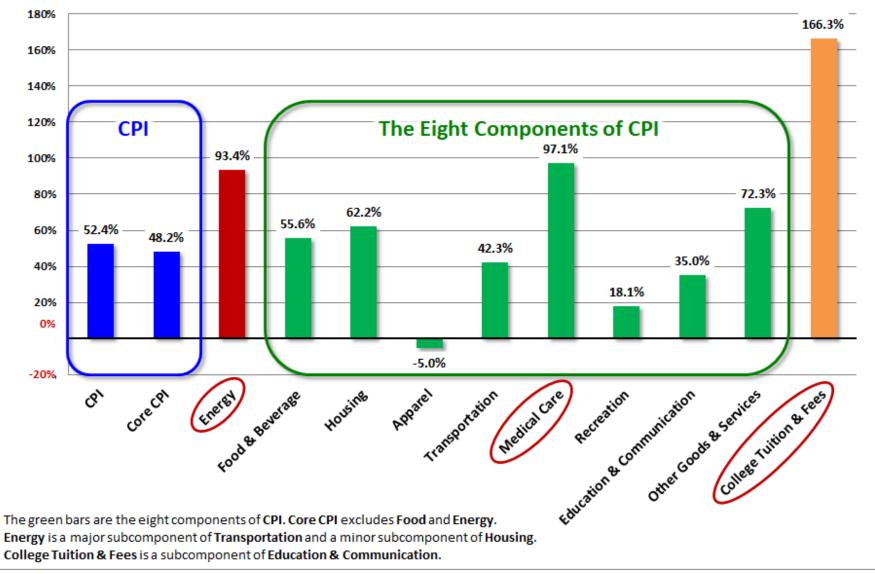
Source: The College Board, "Trends in College Pricing" 2018 (https://trends.collegeboard.org/sites/default/files/2018 -trends-in-college-pricing.pdf)

ADVISOR PERSPECTIVES

Inflation Since 2000

dshort.com September 2019 Data through August

Inside the Consumer Price Index



https://www.advisorperspectives.com/dshort/updates/2019/01/11/inflation-an-x-ray-view-of-thecomponents?bt_ee=SJI9NpiOXaUC/iNHZiDETeh5Fxq5bvZp%200Nzuc8c/LinHyeW/V2BTvBkTKw8S2iM&bt_ts=1532422939068

How Will You Pay for College?

- 1. Income
 - Current Paycheck
 - Retirement Plan Contributions
- 2. Assets
 - Savings/Investments
- 3. Borrow (Loans)
 - College Loans
 - Home Loans
 - Retirement Plan Loans^{*}
- 4. Scholarships & Grants
 - Other People's Money

COLLEGE FUNDING COACH[®]

YOUR MONEY

Income?



College is Paid for With After-Tax Dollars

In-State Public, 24% Federal Income Tax Rate

= \$136,263 Before Taxes

Ivy League, 35% Federal Income Tax Rate

= \$430,769 Before Taxes

and the second second

This is the principle of Lost Opportunity Costs:

Public School, 10 Years Until Retirement @ 8%

= - \$223,578

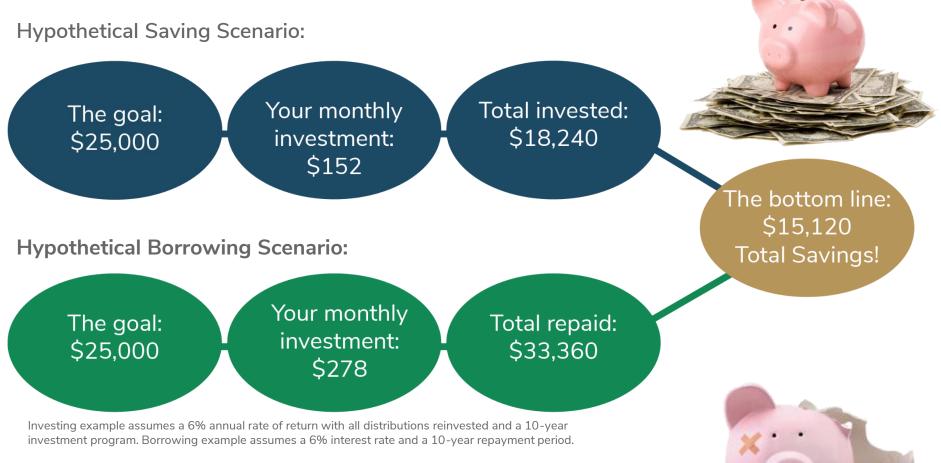
Ivy League, <u>20</u> Years Until Retirement @ 8%

=-\<mark>\$1,305,0</mark>68

*Assumes 1 child, 4 years of school, no state taxes included, no COA increases, and...graduating in <u>four</u> years! This is a hypothetical example. It is not meant to represent an investment in a specific product or strategy. Rate of return is not guaranteed.

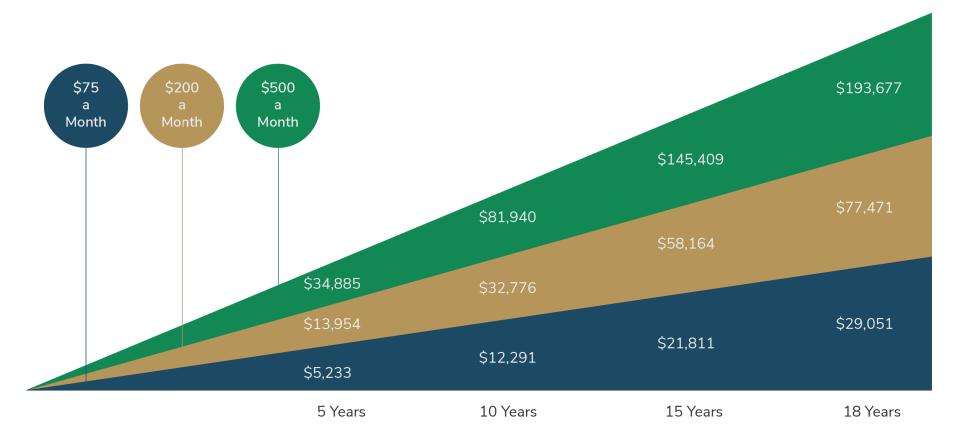
What Are the Options: Savings by Saving

Invested Money Goes Further Than Borrowed Money



This is a hypothetical example. It is not meant to represent an investment in a specific product or strategy. Rate of return is not guaranteed.

Don't Have 10 Years? Can't Save \$152 Per Month? A Little, Over Time, Can Go A Long Way!



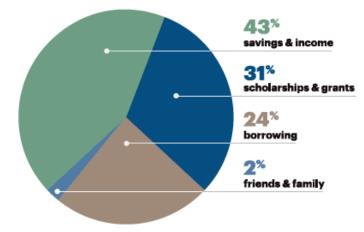
This chart is a hypothetical example, and does not represent any particular investment; however, it does ignore the impact of taxation. The assumed rate of return is 6% per year. The assumption is that the contributions of \$75, \$200, or \$500 per month are made at the beginning of each month.

Historical College Savings Vehicles

- UGMA/UTMA
- Education Savings Bonds (Series I or EE)
- Educational IRAs (Coverdell)
- Loans, Grants, Scholarships
- Borrowing Against Retirement Plans
- Leveraging Real Estate Equity
- Cash-Value Life Insurance
- Post 9/11 GI Bill/R.O.T.C.
- Section 529 College Savings Plans
 - Pre-Paid Variety
 - Savings Variety

Funding Higher Education

How the typical family pays for college (the average percentage of the total cost of attendance paid from each source)



Source: Sallie Mae, How America Pays for College, 2019

What is the BEST Way to Pay for a College Education?



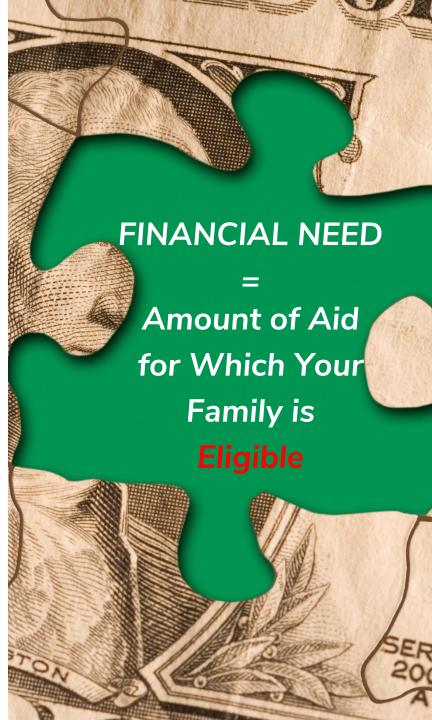
A Sample of the Top College Endowments



Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_colleges_and_universities_in_the_United_States_by_endowment

Applying for Financial Aid

- The FAFSA
- The CSS Profile
 - (≈ 179 Undergraduate Schools)
 - More Detailed:
 - Non-Custodial Parents
 - Home Equity
- The School's Institutional Forms
- COA = Cost of Attendance
- **EFC** = Expected Family Contribution
- COA EFC = Your Family's Financial Need



Assessable

Non-Assessable

<u>Assets</u>

- Bank Accounts
- Investments
- •529 Plans
- •UGMA & UTMA
- Business
- Investment Property

<u>Income</u>

- •Wages
- •Rental Income
- Business Income
- Interest
- Dividends
- Child Support
 - Social Security
 - Welfare
- •Current Retirement Plan Deferrals

<u>Assets</u>

- Retirement Plan AssetsHome
- •Farm
- •Life Insurance
- Annuities
- Household Items
- Personal Debt

<u>Income</u>

- •Financial Aid
- •Food Stamps
- Pension Rollovers
- Loans











Quick EFC Calculation



Meet The Dunphy Family:



Phil, Claire, Haley, Alex & Luke Dunphy

- Married, 3 Children—1 Headed to School Next Year
- Older Spouse is 50
- Parents: \$130,000 Adjusted Gross Income
 - \$16,938 Paid in Federal Income Taxes
- Parents: \$100,000 Assessable Assets
- College-Bound Child: \$8,500 Adjusted Gross Income
 - \$220 Paid in Federal Income Taxes
- College-Bound Child: \$15,000 in Assessable Assets

Quick EFC Calculation

Parent's Adjusted Gross Income \$130,000	U.S. Income Taxes Paid, State Tax Allowance, Social Security Allowance & Income Protection Allowance (\$19,080 to \$40,490+)* (\$34,620)		Total Allowances: \$65,704	=	\$64,296
Parent's Assets \$100,000	Asset Allowance** (\$0 to \$9,400) (\$6,300) = \$93,700	x	12%	H	<u>\$11,244</u>
Adjusted Available Income:					\$75,540
Total Parent's Contribution:		\$9,343 + 47% of AAI over \$34,500	Ξ	\$28,631	

*This figure varies based upon the amount of taxes paid, the size of the family, and the number of students in college simultaneously!

** This figure varies based upon the age of the older spouse!

All figures are hypothetical and should not be relied on for your personal situation.



Student's Income \$8,500	U.S. Income Tax Paid, State Tax Allowance, Soci Security Allowanc Income Protectio Allowance (\$6,84 (\$7,695) = \$805	al ce & on 40)	x	50%	=	\$403
Student's Assets \$15,000	No Allowance \$0 = \$15,000		x	20%	=	<u>\$3,000</u>
Total		Stud	ent's Contribut	tion:	\$3,403	
TOTAL EFC:	Total Parent's Contribution:			tal Student's ontribution:		\$32,034
	\$28,631	+		\$3,403		For Next School Year

All figures are hypothetical and should not be relied on for your personal situation.

Your Homework— Calculate Your Own EFC:

COLLEGE FUNDING COACH®

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Send your kids to college without going broke.

Yes, parents, you can make the college dream a reality... and still retire one day.

PARENTS START HERE

Schools and Organizations

Our informative workshop *Little-Known Secret* Paying for *College* helps families navigate the rules of save and paying for college!

→ Book a Workshop Now

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EFC Calculator

This Expected Family Contribution (EFC) calculator will help you determine your need-based aid eligibility based on federal financial aid formulas.

→ See Your Expected Family Contribution

www.TheCollegeFundingCoach.org

Before We Move Forward:

Questions After Part One?

- Do you feel like you understand the EFC Formula?
- Two Paths:
 - You Can Qualify for Need-Based Aid
 - You Cannot Qualify for Need-Based Aid



One Strategy—Have Twins!!!

Having multiple children in college at the same time is actually beneficial.

1 CHILD

COA = \$32,500 EFC = \$44,000 Need = \$0 2 CHILDREN COA = \$65,000 (2 Schools) EFC = \$44,000 (Split for 2 Kids) Need = \$21,000

Strategies:

- Gap Year or Deferred Admission
- Community College & Transfer
- Tuition Reciprocity Programs
 - Academic Common Market
 - Midwest Student Exchange
 - New England Regional Student Program
 - Western Undergraduate Exchange

Are In-State Public Schools the ONLY OPTION?

Public University

Total Cost EFC NEED	\$ 34,321 <u>- 15,000</u> \$19,321
% Need Met	52%
Financial Aid Eligibility	\$ 10,047
Gift Aid (55%)	\$ 5,124
Self Help (45%)	\$ 4,923
"Out-of-Pocket Cost" (Total Cost - Financial Aid Eligibility)	\$ 24,274
"Net Price" (Total Cost - Gift Aid)	\$ 29,197

Private College

Total Cost	\$ 77,768
EFC	<u>- 15,000</u>
NEED	\$ 62,768
% Need Met	100%
Financial Aid Eligibility	\$ 62,768
Gift Aid (88%)	\$ 55,236
Self Help (12%)	\$ 7,532
"Out-of-Pocket Cost"	\$ 15,000
(Total Cost - Financial	
Aid Eligibility)	
"Net Price"	\$ 22,532
(Total Cost - Gift Aid)	

Hypothetical example based upon information reported on www.collegeboard.org.¹





"But What If I Make Too Much Money to Qualify for **Need-Based** Aid?"

> Now let's look at using our own money...



Maximize the Efficiency of Your Money

- Are you carrying a lot of non-deductible debt?
- Can you increase your cash-flow?
- What role do taxes play on your investments?
- Business Owners—Hiring kids in your family biz!
- What if you could delay paying for college for another 4 years? A "Found" Opportunity Cost!



Does This Sound Like a Good Strategy to You?

- All deposits in the account are not safe from loss of principal.
- The customer may pay more than the minimum monthly contributions, but not less. If the customer attempts to pay less, the financial institution keeps all previous contributions.
- If the customer misses a monthly payment, it negatively impacts their credit score.
- Each contribution made to the account is not liquid and results in less safety and increased tax liability.
- The money in the account earns a 0% rate of return.

Home / Mortgage

Home

- Rate of Appreciation on Home = 1-5%*
- ✓ Rate of Return on Home Equity = 0%

Mortgage

- Mortgage Interest May be Tax-Deductible
- May be Better Than Private
 Source College Loan
- Maximum Tax Deduction is <u>Now</u> \$750,000
- Can be Used to Increase
 Cash Flow

Remember: Home Equity Lines of Credit are no longer tax-deductible for purposes other than home improvements!

* According to the <u>Case-Shiller Housing Index</u>, the average annualized rate of return for housing increased 3.7% between 1928 and 2018. <u>https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/CSUSHPINSA</u>

Qualified Plan Problem

Does Anyone Here Have a Pension?

EVERYONE USED TO!

In 1974, That All Changed.

Sound Familiar?

- ✓ 47 Years Old
- ✓ Will Work Until Age 67
- ✓ Will Live Until Age 90
- ✓ \$100,000 in OLD MONEY
- ✓ \$10,000 in Deferral Contributions
- ✓ \$3,000 in Matching Funds
- ✓ 8% Annual Yield

-	OLD MONEY:	\$466,096
	CONTRIBUTION:	\$494,229
	МАТСН:	\$148,269
	TOTAL:	\$1,108,594
	PAYMENT:	\$97,493
	FEDERAL TAX @ 22%:	\$21,448
	AVG. STATE TAX @ 6%:	<u>\$5,850</u>
	NET INCOME:	\$70,195



Utilize Tax-Advantaged Investments That Can Be Used for College OR Retirement

Make Uncle Sam Your Partner!



- Section 529 Plans
- Roth IRAs or Roth 401(k)s
 - Tax-Free Growth & Withdrawals
 - Roth Distributions Avoid 10% Early Withdrawal Penalty
- Municipal Bonds
 - Tax-Free Growth & Withdrawals
- Cash-Value Life Insurance
 - Non-Assessable Asset
 - Guaranteed Safety of Principal
 - Tax-Free Growth & Withdrawals (While Living)
 - Tax-Free Death Benefit (Keep it in the Family)

The GOOD News is That...

- You can do it. And we can help identify local financial advisors who can help!
 - Comprehensive Financial Planning
 - Focus on College Funding Strategies
- Attend more prestigious, less crowded, private schools for the same <u>net</u> cost as state schools.
- Become an informed buyer & start early!
- Call us @ 973-607-2018 to Schedule!





For More Information:



(973) 607-2018 or (800) 969-2362

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